

Xylol (see under Benzol).

Yarns of textile materials.

Zinc ore (see Ores); zinc scorïæ, zinc, its alloys and manufactures, scrap and brack (see Metals).

## ROUMANIA.

### LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORT OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

March 8, 1916.

#### NOTES.

The transport of military stores through Roumania is prohibited, and since the 5th/18th November, 1914, the transit through Roumania of goods of which the exportation is prohibited is permitted only under special authorisation of the Ministry of Finance, each case being decided on its merits.

His Majesty's Minister at Bucharest reported on the 21st October, 1915, that all transit through Roumania to or from Bulgaria was prohibited until further notice. The transit of articles which are the subject of State monopolies is also prohibited, but no restriction is imposed on the transit of postal parcels.

Exceptions to prohibitions of export can be obtained in special cases such cases being decided on their merits.

Accessories for motors-cars, etc. (tyres and other).

Acids of all kinds.

Ammonia, liquid, and salts of ammonia.

Animals:—draught animals of all kinds (horses, oxen, etc).

Antimony.

Bandaging materials of all descriptions, such as cotton, wool, gauze, etc.

Barrels (oak).

Bicycles and motor cycles; accessories therefore (see Accessories).

Boots, shoes, etc. (footwear).

Cables.

Candles, and materials for making them.

Carts, carriages, automobiles, and all other vehicles.

Cattle.

Cloth (*draps*), and hosiery of all kinds; articles of clothing, and small wares.

Coal of all kinds.

Colouring earths, and all colours, simple or prepared.

Copper and wares thereof (see Metals).

Copper sulphate.

Cordage:—string, cord and cables of any kind.

Cotton, raw; cotton yarns. (See also Cloth).

Cycles (including motor cycles); accessories therefore (see Accessories).

Footwear.

Fur skins of all kinds.

Glucose.

Glycerine.

Gold coins of all descriptions (however packed).

Graphite.

Hay.

Hides and skins of all kinds, raw or tanned; leather articles; boots and shoes.

Horses, oxen and all other draught animals.

Ink of all kinds.

Instruments, surgical.

Iron and wares thereof (see Metals).

Lead and wares thereof (see Metals).

Leather goods of all descriptions; footwear.

Mats, rush.

Medicines (see Pharmaceutical products).

Mercury.

Metals:—ores of metals, whether containing sulphur or not; metals in a raw state, or rolled; scrap iron and worn-out metal, in any form; sheet metal\* of all kinds (réceptacles: cans, tins for preserves and fats, for industrial use, full or empty), and all metal wares.

Motor cars, motor lorries, and all other vehicles; motor cycles.

Motor, etc., accessories (rubber tyres and others).

Nitric and all other acids.

Oak barrels.

Office requisites (inks of all kinds).

Oils.

Ores of metals, whether containing sulphur or not.

Paper, etc., of all descriptions (except those specified in Tariff Nos. 318, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, and 430 a).

The articles exempted from the prohibition are as follows:—

No. 418. Mechanical pulp, of wood, straw, and other vegetable fibres.

Nos. 420-1. Cellulose, bleached or unbleached, wet or dry.

No. 422. Concentrated lye from the manufacture of cellulose.

No. 423. Common paper, brown, for packing; common cardboard, brown, yellow, or white, neither artificially coloured, varnished, nor containing other materials than straw and mechanical wood pulp.

No. 424. Packing paper, printing paper, cardboard, neither glazed nor coloured, of cellulose or mechanical wood pulp, unbleached.

No. 425. Packing paper, printing paper, writing paper, and paper for playcards, glazed on one or both sides, not coloured, containing unbleached cellulose and mechanical wood pulp.

No. 430 (a). Paper bags, tubes, and the like, made of the papers specified in No. 423.

Paraffin.

Petroleum, crude; petroleum residues.

The export of "lampant" (*i.e.*, lamp oil) containing less than 2½ per cent of benzine is permitted.

Pharmaceutical products.

Pick-axes and shovels.

Pigs.

Radio-telegraphic, telegraphic, and telephone apparatus.

Rags of all kinds of textiles.

Sacks, oiled cloths, and material for making the same.

Shovels and pickaxes.

Skins and hides of all kinds, raw or tanned.

Soap.

Soda; sodium sulphate.

Stearine.

Sulphate of copper.

Sulphuric and all other acids.

Surgical instruments.

Tanning materials.

Tar.

Telegraph, telephone, and radio-telegraphic apparatus; cables.

Tin and wares thereof (see Metals).

Tinplates, and tins made therefrom (see under Metals).

Transport animals of all kinds (horses, oxen).

Tyres (see Accessories).

Vehicles of all kinds.

Walnut wood in any form.

Waxes.

Wool. (See also under Cloth).

Zinc and wares thereof (see Metals).

NOTE.—A Royal Decree of the 3rd—16th August, 1915, raised the prohibition of export in respect of the following products, and imposed export duties (payable in gold) at the rates shown:—

|                                                                                                    | Per 100 kilog.<br>fr. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Wheat, rye, and their flours, also semolina                                                        | 6                     |
| Barley, bearded barley, oats, and their flours, also malt and pearled barley                       | 5                     |
| Maize and maize meal                                                                               | 4                     |
| Peas, haricots, lentils, and other pulse                                                           | 9                     |
| Linseed, rapeseed, and other oilseeds, also anise and walnut                                       | 10                    |
| Millet, "borceagul," chickpeas, and ryegrass                                                       | 3                     |
| Bran, chaff, linseed cakes, rapeseed cakes, and cakes of other vegetable origin, for use as forage | 2                     |
| Linseed oil, rapeseed oil, and other vegetable oils                                                | 10                    |

### SPAIN.

#### LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH IS PROHIBITED.

March 16, 1916.

#### NOTES.

(1) Goods the exportation of which is prohibited may not be re-exported from Spain in process of transit or transshipment if they have arrived at a Spanish port with bills of lading indicating Spain as the original destination or if there is no clear indication of destination. For this purpose, goods provided with documents "to order," or without any definite indication of a non-Spanish destination, as also those having only bills of lading "to bearer," are regarded as being destined for Spain. [*Royal Decree of the 24th April, 1915.*]

(2) The prohibitions noted below do not apply to exports from the Canary Islands. (14460-15).

Acetylsalicylic acid.

Acids:—Acetylsalic, formic, oxalic, salicylic.

Aloe fibre (see under Fibres).

Aluminium, and aluminium alloys; manufactures of aluminium, bauxite or aluminium ore.

Alumina, sulphate of; anhydrous or hydrated alumina.

Ammonia, sulphate of ammonia.

Aniline colours; alizarine colours; indigo; hydron-blue.

Antimony and antimony alloys.

Antimony sulphide [*re-exportation prohibited.*]

Antipyrine.

Aristol.

Aspirine.

Atropine and its salts.

Bauxite or aluminium ore.

Beans, kidney (*alubias*); lentils.

Beef, fresh; tinned beef.

Beetroot seed.

Benzonaphthol; betanaphthol.

Brass wares (see under Copper).

Bromural.

Charcoal.

Chrome.

Coal.\*

\* According to a semi-official communication from the Spanish Foreign Office, no dispensations from the prohibitions of export in force as regards fuel and lubricating substances will be granted. [2-8-15.]